

# Bifrost: A new type of cold neutron spectrometer at the ESS

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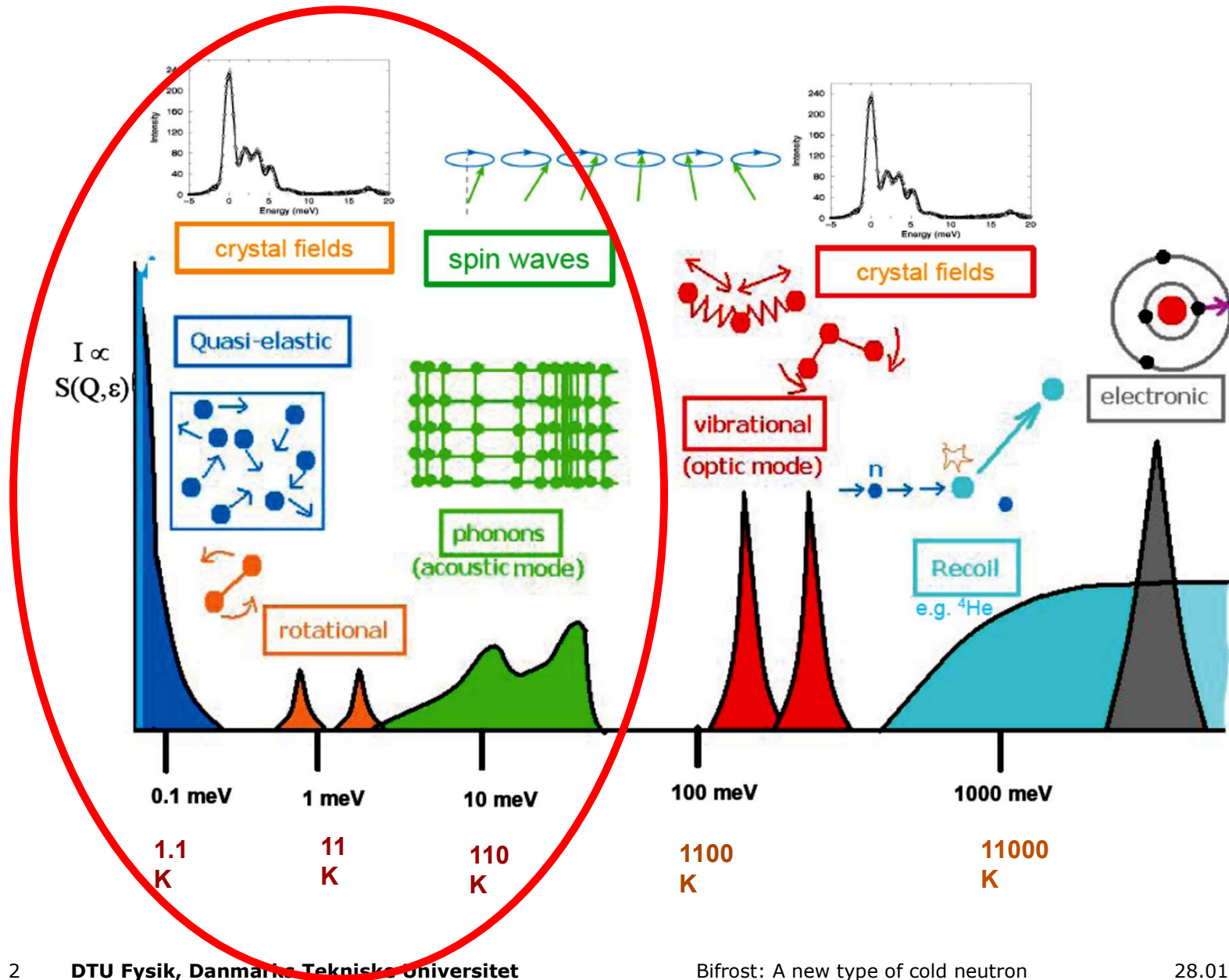
DTU Fysik  
Institut for Fysik

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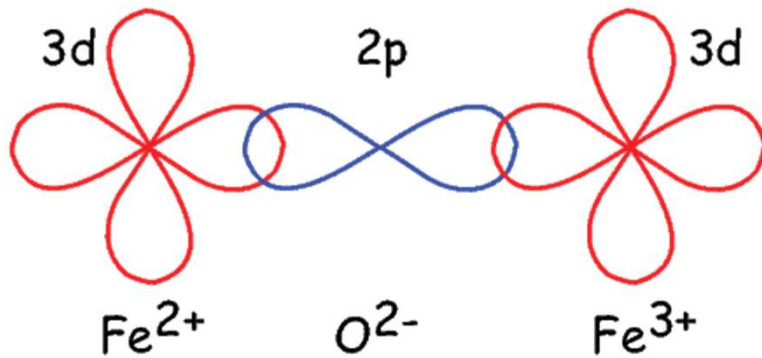
$$i\hbar \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} = \hat{H} \psi$$

$\int_a^b \epsilon \Theta + \Omega \int \delta e^{i\pi} = -$   
 $\infty = \{2.7182818284\}^{\circ}$   
 $\chi^2 \Sigma !$

# Cold neutrons are unbeatable

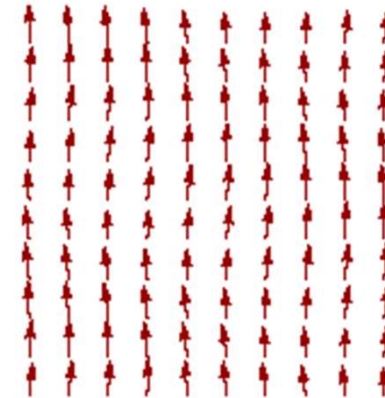


# Example: Magnetism



Orbital overlap mediates interaction between spins and magnetic order.

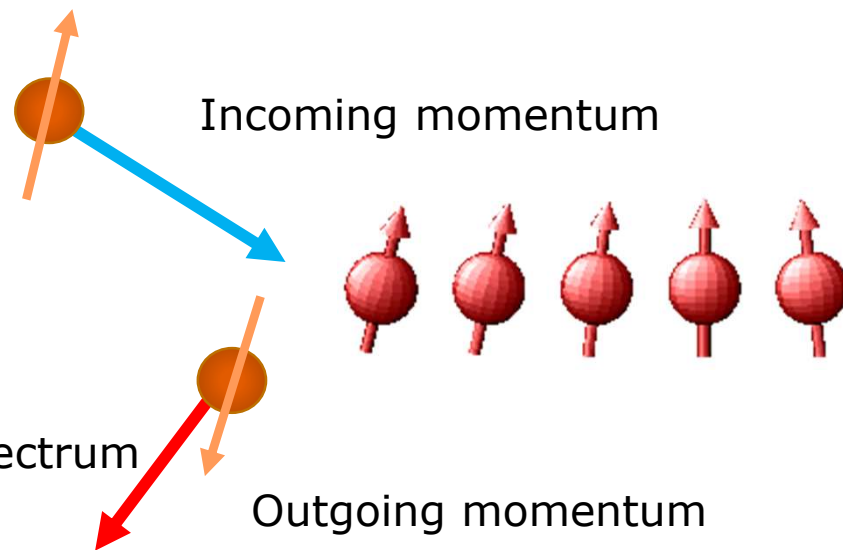
Perturbation of that order propagates like a particle. This excitation can be created by the neutron



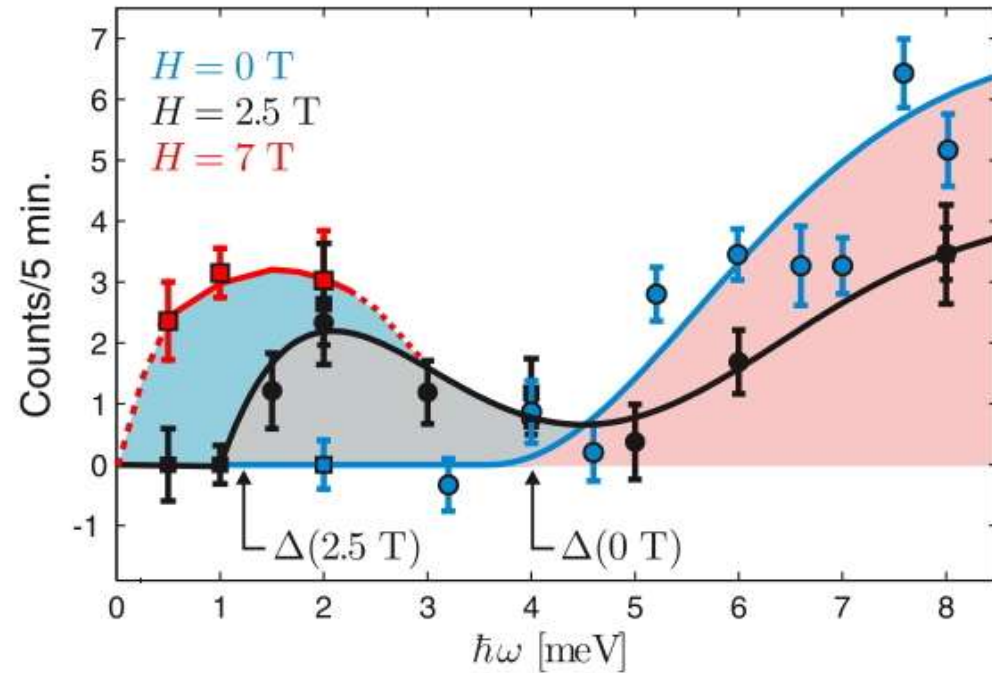
$$\mathbf{k}_i - \mathbf{k}_f = \mathbf{Q}$$

$$\frac{\hbar^2 k_i^2}{2m} - \frac{\hbar^2 k_f^2}{2m} = \Delta E$$

We can directly measure the excitation spectrum  
And characterize the magnetic system



# Magnetism in superconductors



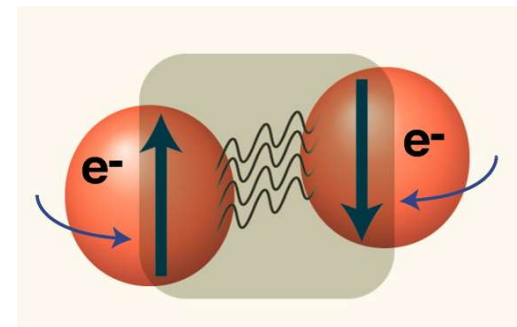
J. Chang et al, Physical Review Letters **102**, 177006 (2009)

## Applied magnetism:

Magnetic excitations, the electron-glue in the high- $T_c$  superconductors?

This entire field is limited by lack of neutron flux

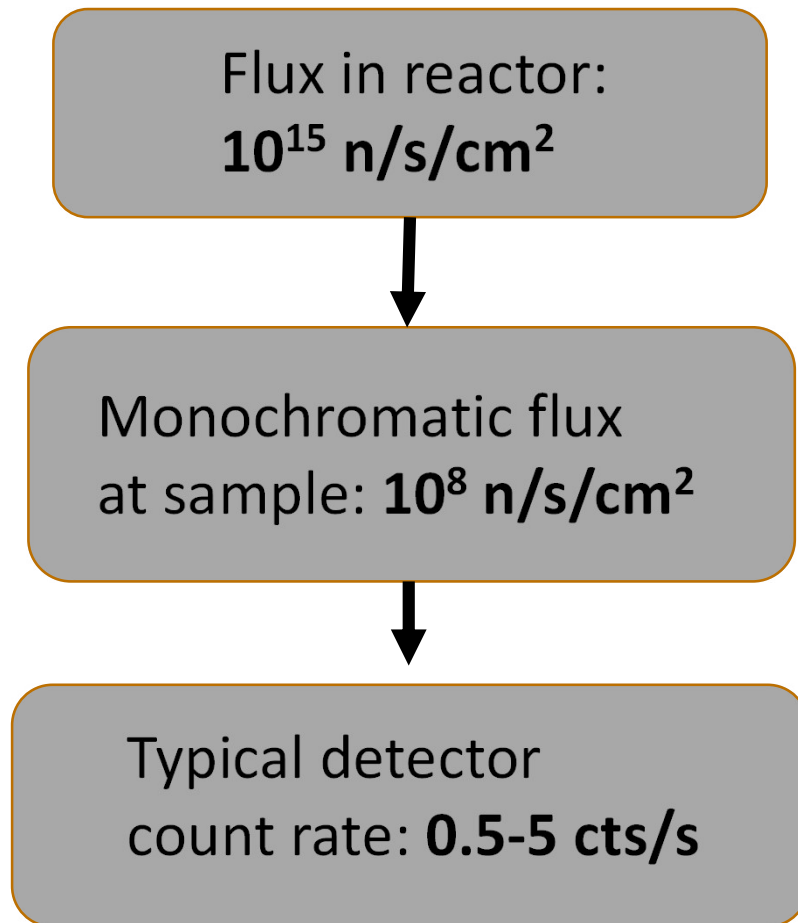
Gap  
 $\Delta E$



# State-of-the-art



## Current state-of-the-art:



## Triple-axis spectrometer

<b>Mono Flux</b>	<b><math>10^7</math>-<math>10^8</math> n/s/cm<sup>2</sup></b>
Spatial angle	0.015 steradians
Energy transfer	Single value

## Time-of-flight spectrometer

<b>Mono Flux</b>	<b><math>10^5</math>-<math>10^6</math> n/s/cm<sup>2</sup></b>
Spatial angle	3 steradians
Energy transfer	Continuous

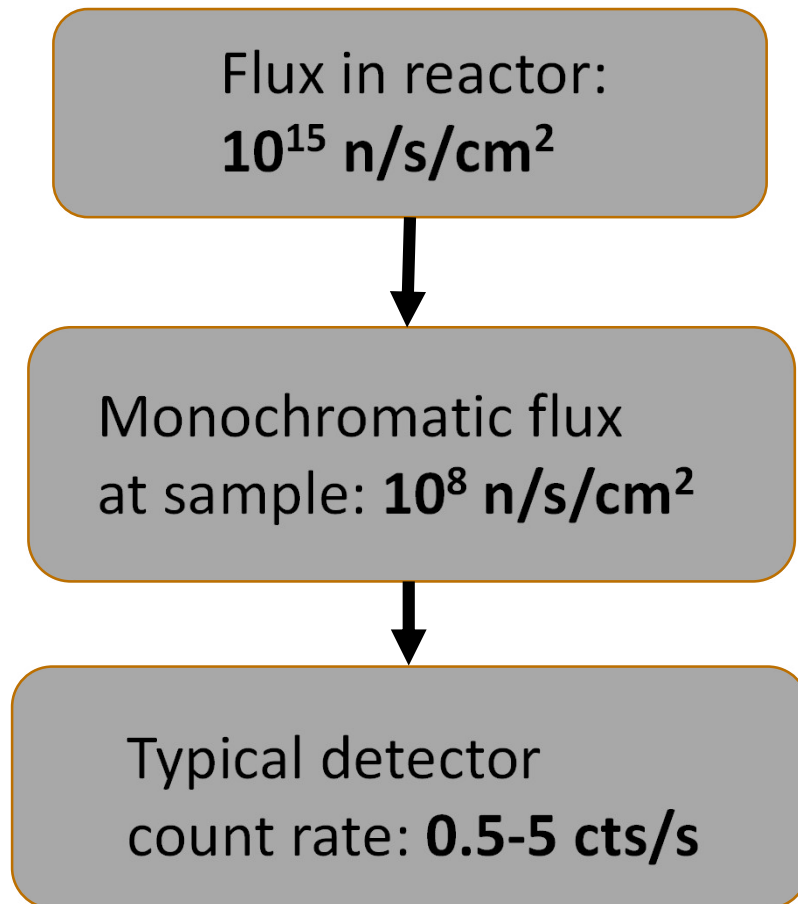


In both cases, getting the full picture takes about a week

# State-of-the-art



## Current state-of-the-art:



## Triple-axis spectrometer

<b>Mono Flux</b>	<b><math>10^7-10^8</math> n/s/cm<sup>2</sup></b>
Spatial angle	0.015 steradians
Energy transfer	Single value

## Time-of-flight spectrometer

<b>Mono Flux</b>	<b><math>10^5-10^6</math> n/s/cm<sup>2</sup></b>
Spatial angle	3 steradians
Energy transfer	Continuous

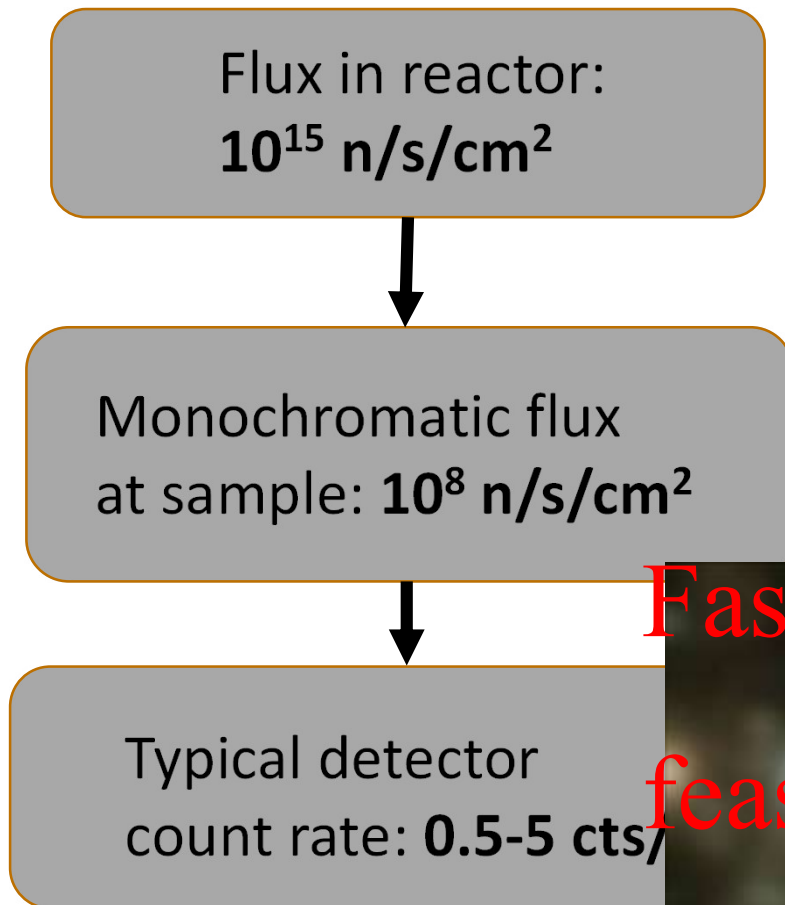
## Bifrost

<b>Polychromatic Flux</b>	<b><math>10^8-10^{10}</math> n/s/cm<sup>2</sup></b>
Spatial angle	0.5 steradians
Energy transfer	Continuous

# State-of-the-art



## Current state-of-the-art:



## Triple-axis spectrometer

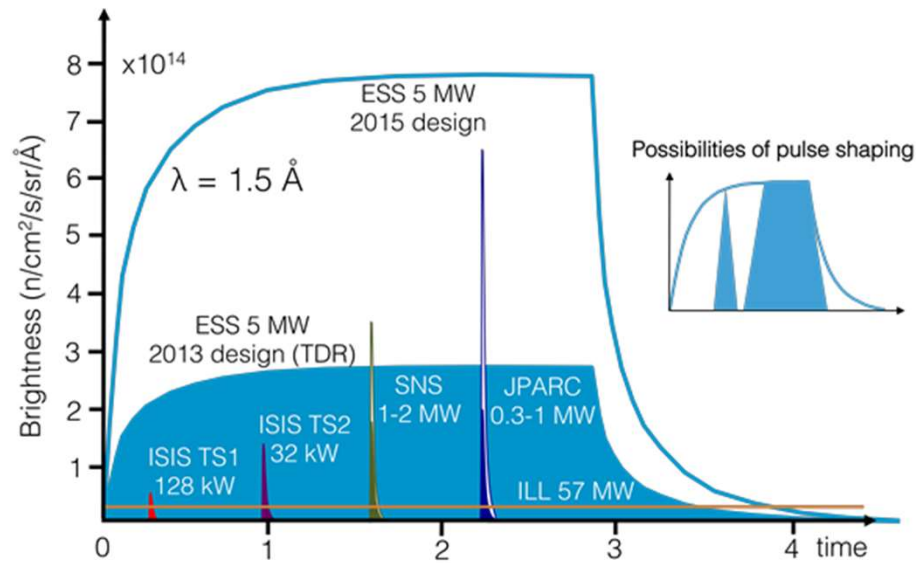
<b>Mono Flux</b>	$10^7$ - $10^8$ n/s/cm <sup>2</sup>
Spatial angle	0.015 steradians
Energy transfer	Single value

## Time-of-flight spectrometer

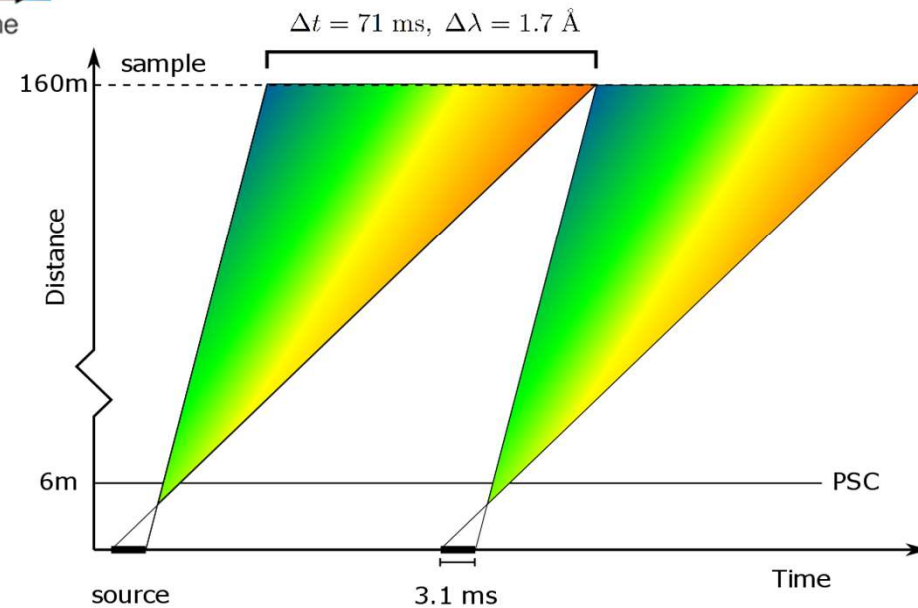
<b>Mono Flux</b>	$10^5$ - $10^6$ n/s/cm <sup>2</sup>
Spatial angle	3 steradians



# The power of Bifrost

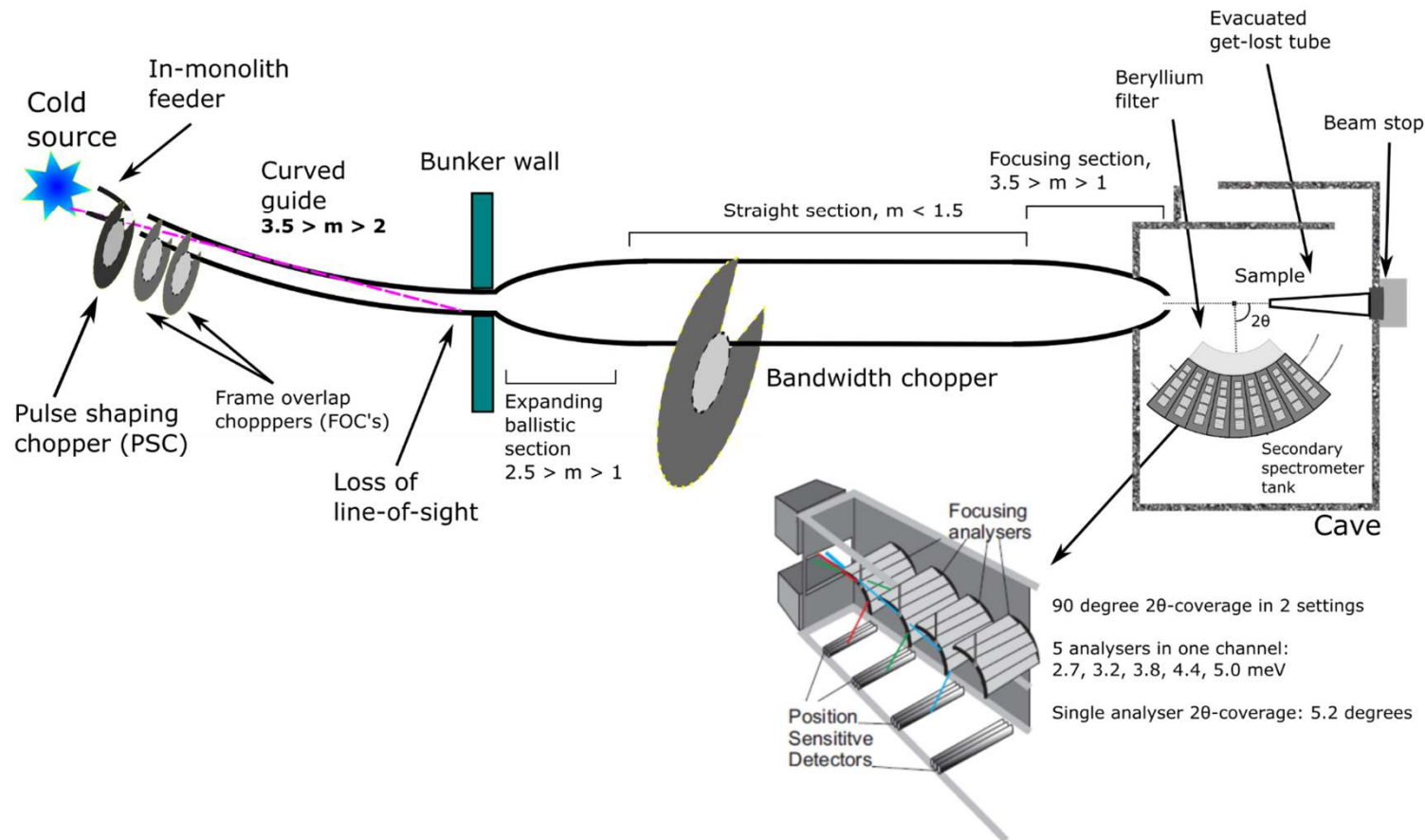


Combine a long instrument with long-pulsed source.  
Flight time: 100 ms





# Bifrost: Outline

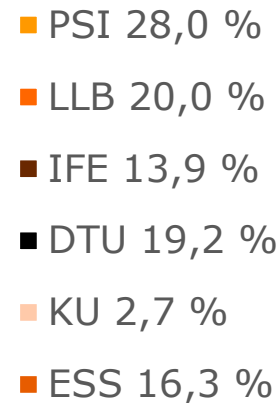


- Efficient use of pyrolytic graphite and a long primary flight path is a powerful cocktail (at least in one scattering plane)
- Scope is focused on extreme sample environment but there is plenty to do without a 20 T magnet

# Bifrost – current situation and hardware budget



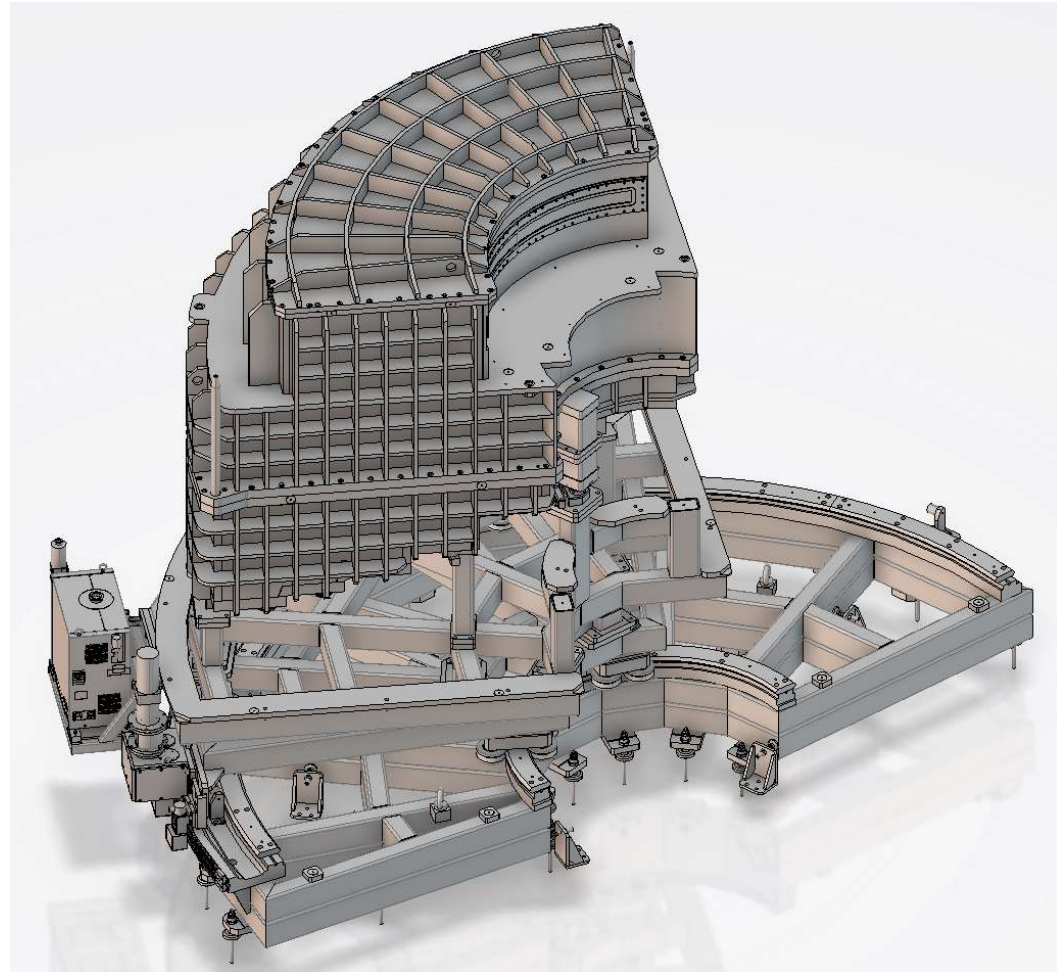
Bifrost Breakdown



- Project started in earnest in 2016
- Project to finish by 2022
- Hardware budget: 12 M€
- Detailed design about to finish
- Two major contracts (> 500 k€) signed, 4-5 to go
- About to start installing!

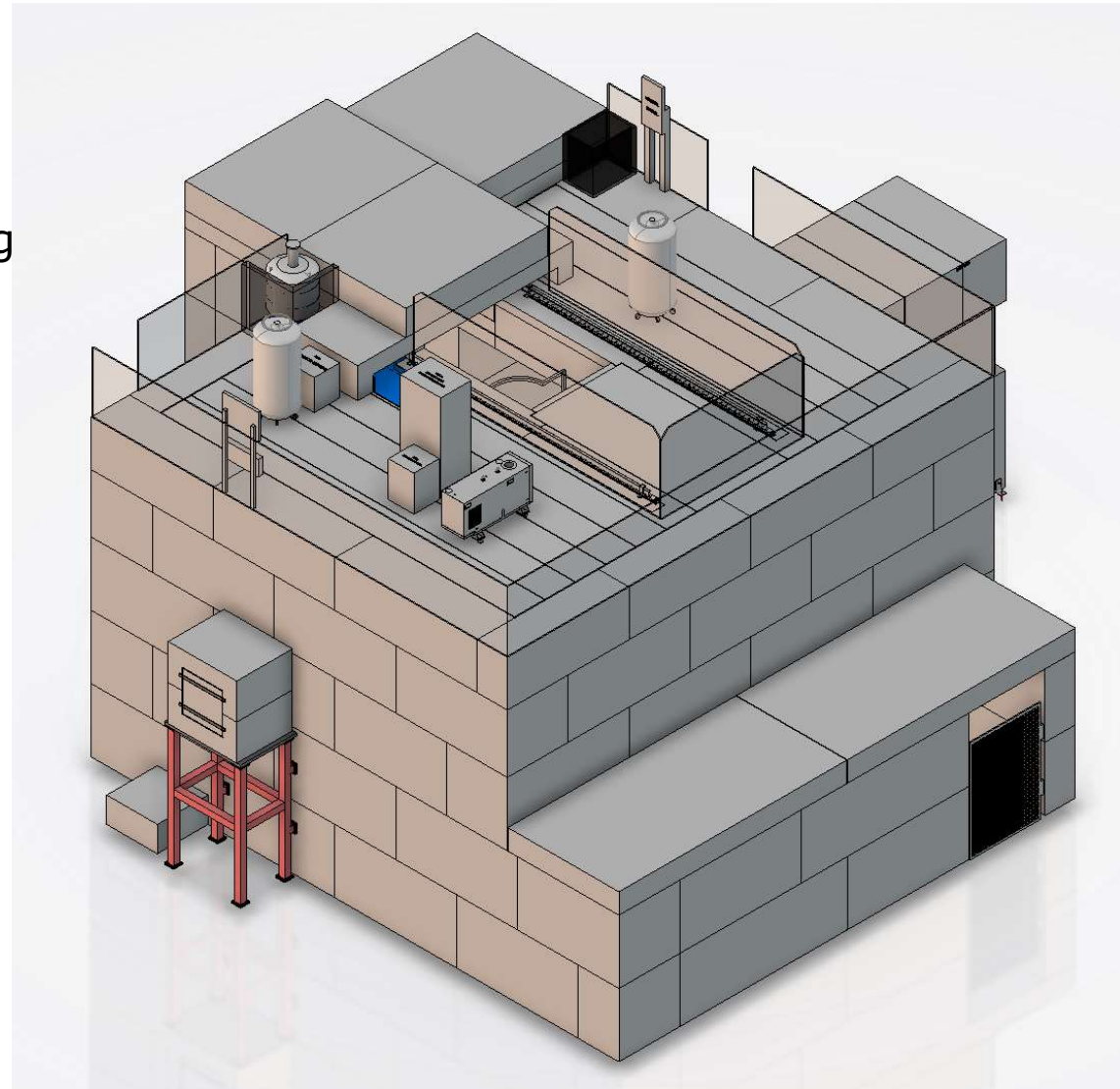
# Spectrometer tank (DTU)

- Design-and-build tender
- Tank and motion system
- Won by spanish company
- As always: Many non-standard requirements (Deformations, magnetic components, etc)



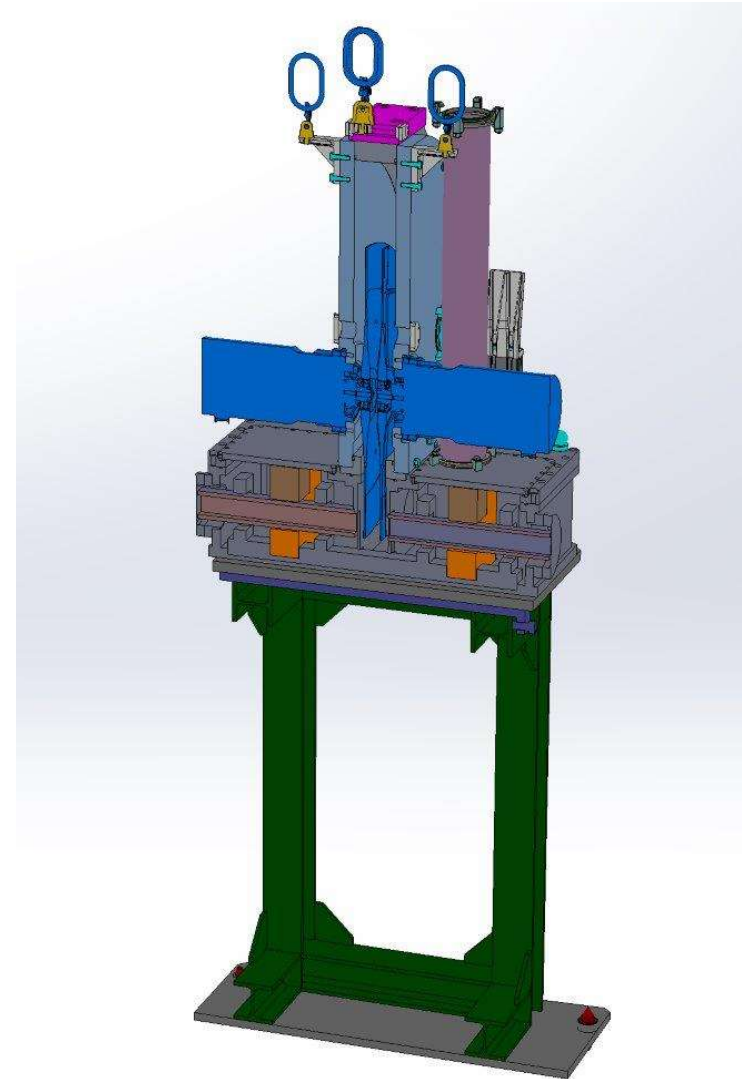
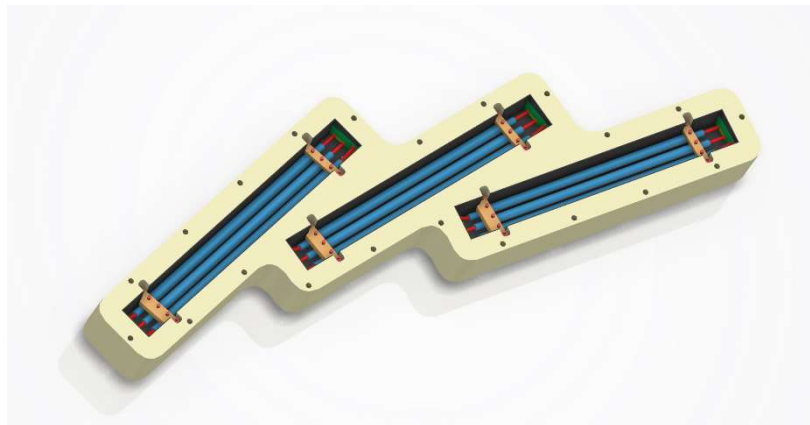
# Cave (IFE, Norway)

- Complex design,
- Requirements for load bearing
- Stainless steel rebar
- Hatch not included
- Won by czech company



# Other procurements

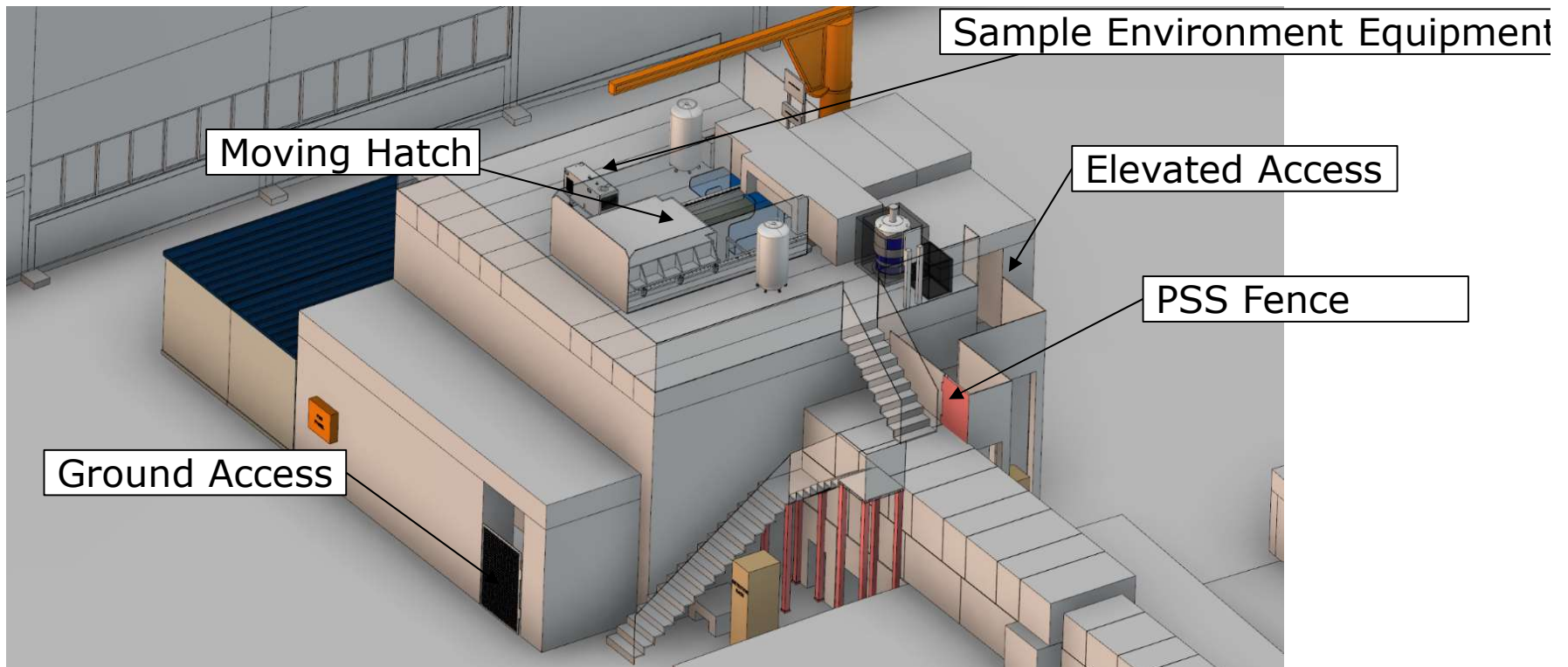
- Choppers
- He-3 detectors
- Detector electronics
- Neutron guide (incl vacuum)
- Possibly beryllium filter (incl oscillation)
- **All within the next few months!**



# DTU's main contributions



DTU handles infrastructure: spectrometer tank, mounts, motors hutches, sample stack, etc



# The key to Bifrost success: keeping the background low



Careful block design - modular

Machining of Cadmium, B<sub>4</sub>C, beryllium problematic

Can we 3D print components containing 20 % boron?

Otherwise: Coat non-absorbing components with Gd.

We already see the first start-ups printing neutron-absorbers

# Sample handling



Fast experiments,  
many sample changes.

Parametric studies requires sample changes in cryostat

Sample alignment in Dy-booster

3D printed custom holders

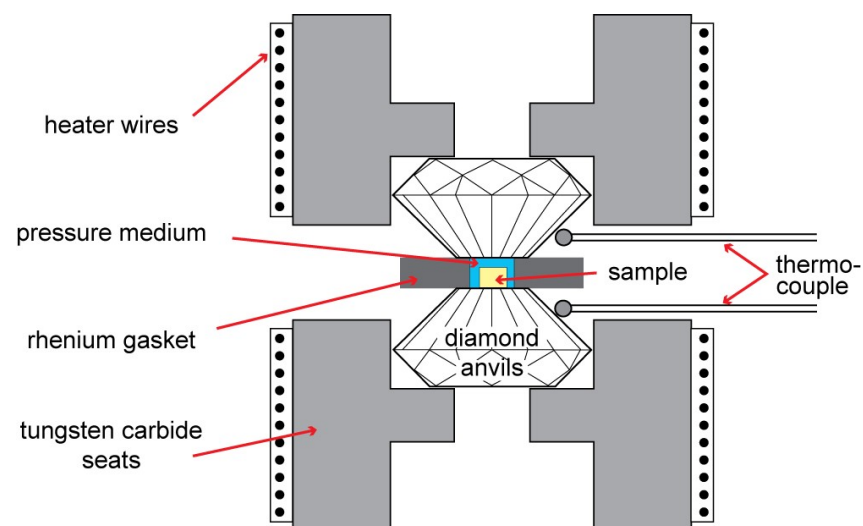
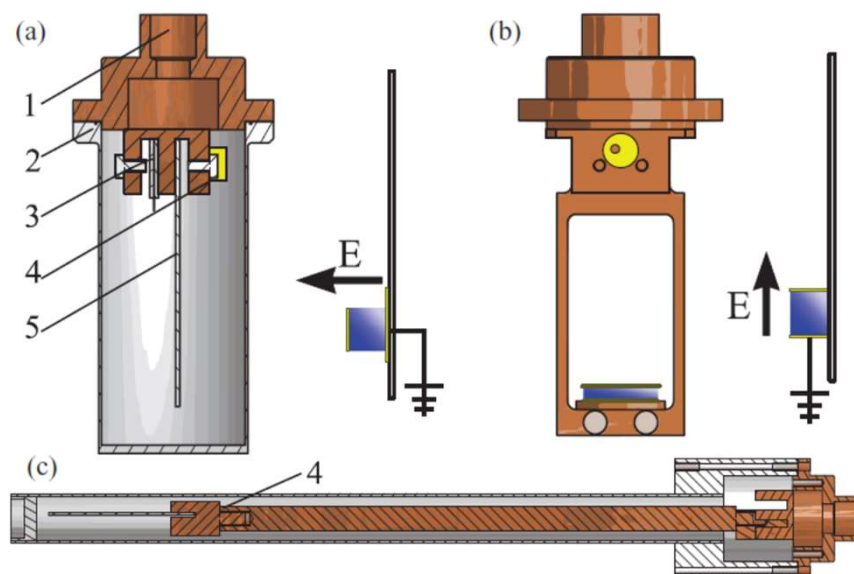
Electrical fields



# Pressure and electrical fields

Once we go into operation, the ESS will open up the arena of using small samples – potential game changer in some fields (protein crystallography)

Some sample environments are inherently for small samples.



# Thank you for your attention

